



COMMODITY: POTATO

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb)	(Tons)	Deficit /Surplus (Tons)
32,040	2,670	8,010	28,847	-3,193

Currently supply of fresh potato is arriving from Khushab, Attock, Sialkot & Gujranwala, etc.

FORECASTING

- Local supply of fresh potato has been commenced, supply will reach its full swing till mid-December, 2025 due to bulk arrival of fresh potato from core areas i.e. Okara, Pakpattan, Kasur and Sahiwal, etc.
- After mid-December, 2025, supply and price of fresh potato will turn to be normal on account of sufficient local production.
- During Ramadan 2025, price of potato are expected to remain on lower side as a result of availability of fresh local crop.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of potato for district Layyah is 2,670 tons and daily requirement is 89 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 8,010 tons. **DC Layyah** with the help of local commission agents should ensure maximum supply of potato from core producing districts of potato i.e. Okara, Pakpattan, Kasur and Sahiwal, etc to overcome annual deficit of 3,193 tons and also arrange sufficient stocks to meet demand during Ramzan-2025. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- DC Layyah through EADA(E&M) & Secretary MC should ensure fair auction process of potato.
- DC Layyah through Price Control Magistrates should rationalize the gap between notified rates and spot rates

Price Control & Commodities Management Department



COMMODITY: ONION

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb)	(Tons)	Deficit /Surplus (Tons)
23,967	1,997	5,992	905	-23,062

Currently main supply of onion is arriving from Afghanistan, Balochistan and Sindh

FORECASTING

- Supply of onion from Sindh has been started, will reach its full swing during 1st week of January, 2024, leading to stable supply & price situation thereafter.
- During Ramadan-2025, supply of onion will be available in bulk from Sindh and some arrival from South Punjab will also be commenced.
- Local production season in Punjab will begin in March, 2025.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of onion for district Layyah is 1,997 tons and daily requirement is 67 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 2,995 tons. DC Layyah should ensure future contracts with the help of local commission agents to ensure supply of onion as per requirement from major producing districts of Sindh i.e. Jamshoro, Mirpurkhas, Matiari, Sanghar & S.B. Abad to bridge gap between demand & supply and meet the requirement of Ramzan-2025. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Layyah should enhance local production either by increasing cultivated area further 4,032 acres or promoting intercropping technique as well as vertical expansion (varietal improvement) to overcome deficit of 23,062 tons per annum. Production period of onion in Punjab should also be expanded to cater for consumption requirement.

Price Control & Commodities ivianagement Department



COMMODITY: TOMATO

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb)	(Tons)	Deficit /Surplus (Tons)
12,867	1,072	3,217	-	-12,867

Currently main supply of tomato is arriving from KPK and Sindh

FORECASTING

- Tomato prices are anticipated to decline after mid-December, 2024 on account of bulk supply from Sindh.
- During Ramzan 2025, Punjab will fulfil its consumption requirement of tomato from Sindh.
- Local production season of tomato in Punjab will commence during April, after Ramzan, 2025.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of tomato for district Layyah is 1,072 tons and daily requirement is 36 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 1,608 tons. DC Layyah should ensure future contracts with the help of local commission agents to ensure supply of tomato as per requirement from major producing districts of Sindh i.e. Thatta, Badin, Mirpurkhas, Matiari & T.M.Khan to bridge gap between demand & supply and meet the requirement of Ramzan-2025. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Layyah should enhance local production either by increasing cultivated area further 1,287 acres or promoting intercropping technique as well as vertical expansion (varietal improvement) to over come deficit of 12,867 tons per annum. Production period of tomato in Punjab should also be expanded to cater for consumption requirement.

Price Control & Commodities Management Department



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ASSESSMENT					
Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production		
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb)	(Tons)	Deficit /Surplus (Tons)	
3,280	273	820	19,500	16,220	

- Local gram crop is mostly grown in Thal / rainfed areas of Punjab i.e. Bhakkar, Khushab, Jhang, Layyah, etc.
- As a result of climate change /less rainfalls during production season, local crop is experiencing failure over the last three years, resulting in stress supply situation.

FORECASTING

- International prices have significantly declined, resulting in smooth import at low cost, accordingly local price of gram has decreased.
- The consumption requirement during Ramadan-2025 will be met through available stocks and import of gram from other countries.
- Local crop will be available during April, 2025 after the month of Ramzan-2025.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of gram for district Layyah is 273 tons and daily requirement is 8 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 547 tons. DC Layyah with the help of local commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of gram either from local supply or through importers based in Faisalabad and also arrange sufficient stocks to meet demand during Ramzan-2025. Moreover, transmission of surplus supply/stocks of gram to the deficit districts should also be facilitated. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- **Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Layyah** should further increase cultivated area of gram in Layyah, promote intercropping techniques, high efficiency irrigation systems and use of drought resistant seed varieties, in order to enhance local production.
- DC Layyah through Price Control Magistrates should control hoarding and over profiteering by the traders.



COMMODITY: MOONG

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb)	(Tons)	Deficit /Surplus (Tons)
1,766	147	441	-	-1,766

- Local moong crop is mostly grown in Thal areas of Punjab i.e. Mianwali, Bhakkar, Kot Adu, D.G. Khan & R.Y.Khan.
- This year crop affected due to rain fall at the time of harvesting, therefore supply is under stress.
- However, during year 2021-22 record production of 2,49,800 tons was attained, which has been declined to 1,15,630 tons during year 2024-25.

FORECASTING

- As a result of low production, price of moong is exhibiting increasing trend as compared to last year.
- Prices of other pulses are also on higher side, leading to increase in price of moong as a substitute effect.
- Resultantly, prices of moong are likely to remain on higher side during Ramzan-2025.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of moong for district Layyah is 147 tons and daily requirement is 5 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 221 tons. DC Layyah with the help of local commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of moong from core producing districts (Mianwali, Bhakkar, Kot Adu, D.G. Khan & R.Y.Khan) as well as through importers based in Faisalabad to overcome annual deficit of 1,766 tons and also arrange sufficient stocks to meet demand during Ramzan-2025. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- DC Layyah should conduct stocks taking exercise regularly and arrange requisite stocks for month of Ramzan, 2025 almost 2 months before its commencement.
- DC Layyah through Price Control Magistrates should control hoarding and over profiteering by the traders.



COMMODITY: MASH

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb)	(Tons)	Deficit /Surplus (Tons)
1,261	105	315	-	-1,261

Domestic production of Mash is negligible, therefore 97% of its consumption requirement is met through import.

10 years ago, during 2013-14 local production of Mash in Punjab was recorded 5938 tons, which has been reduced to 680 tons during 2023-24. During year 2013-14, major producing districts of Mash in Punjab were Narowal, Sialkot, Rawalpindi, Chakwal & Jhelum, etc but now production has been limited to only Narowal, Gujrat & Rawalpindi.

FORECASTING

- On account of considerable decrease in international prices, local price of Mash has declined and is expected to further decline in coming days.
- In order to meet the requirement during Ramadan-2025, sufficient stock and smooth import of Mash are imperative.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of mash for district Layyah is 105 tons and daily requirement is 4 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 158 tons. DC Layyah with the help of local commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of mash through importers based in Faisalabad to overcome annual deficit of 1,261 tons and also arrange required stock to meet demand during Ramzan-2025. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- DC Layyah should conduct stock taking exercise regularly and arrange requisite stock for month of Ramzan, 2025 almost 2 months before its commencement. Moreover, hoarding and over profiteering by the traders should also be controlled with the help of Price Control Magistrates.

Price Control & Commodities Management Department



COMMODITY: MASOOR

ASSESSMENT Consumption Requirement (Tons) Annual Monthly Coming 3 months (Dec-Feb) 1,514 126 378 - -1,514

- Domestic production of Masoor is negligible, therefore 92% of its consumption requirement is met through import.
- 10 years ago, during 2013-14 local production of Masoor in Punjab was recorded 4,246 tons, which has been reduced to 573 tons during 2023-24.
- During year 2013-14, major producing districts of Masoor in Punjab were Rawalpindi, Chakwal, Narowal, Jhelum, Gujrat, Jhang, Layyah, Muzaffargarh & M.B.Din & T.T. Singh but now production has been limited to only Attock, Rawalpindi, Jhelum, etc.

FORECASTING

- Subsequent to decline in international prices, local prices of Masoor are likely to remain stable.
- Sufficient stocks and smooth import of Masoor will be required to meet consumption requirement during Ramzan-2025.

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of masoor for district Layyah is 126 tons and daily requirement is 4 tons. During Ramzan-2025, monthly demand will be increased up to 189 tons. DC Layyah with the help of local commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of masoor through importers based in Faisalabad to overcome annual deficit of 1,514 tons and also arrange required stock to meet demand during Ramzan-2025. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Layyah in this regard.
- During year 2013-14, production of Masoor was recorded 275 tons in district Layyah, which has now turned to be Nil, therefore **Deputy Director Agriculture** (Extension) Layyah should take necessary measures to revive the local production of Masoor in the district along with introduction of high yielding seed varieties.
- DC Layyah should conduct stock taking exercise regularly and arrange requisite stock for month of Ramzan, 2025 almost 2 months before its commencement. Moreover, hoarding and over profiteering by the traders should also be controlled with the help of Price Control Magistrates.

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